

# **Via 686/8233/8235 Audio Driver for Linux**

**Jeff Garzik**

## **Via 686/8233/8235 Audio Driver for Linux**

by Jeff Garzik

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# Chapter 1. Introduction

The Via VT82C686A "super southbridge" chips contain AC97-compatible audio logic which features dual 16-bit stereo PCM sound channels (full duplex), plus a third PCM channel intended for use in hardware-assisted FM synthesis. The VIA VT8233/8235 extends this support to include six channel output and additional record facilities.

The current Linux kernel audio driver for this family of chips supports audio playback and recording, but hardware-assisted FM features, and hardware buffer direct-access (mmap) support are not yet available.

This driver supports any Linux kernel version after 2.4.10.

Please send bug reports to the mailing list <linux-via@gtf.org>. To subscribe, e-mail <majordomo@gtf.org> with

`subscribe linux-via`

in the body of the message.

## Chapter 2. Driver Installation

To use this audio driver, select the `CONFIG_SOUND_VIA82CXXX` option in the section `Sound` during kernel configuration. Follow the usual kernel procedures for rebuilding the kernel, or building and installing driver modules.

To make this driver the default audio driver, you can add the following to your `/etc/conf.modules` file:

```
alias sound via82cxxx_audio
```

Note that `soundcore` and `ac97_codec` support modules are also required for working audio, in addition to the `via82cxxx_audio` module itself.

# Chapter 3. Submitting a bug report

## 3.1. Description of problem

Describe the application you were using to play/record sound, and how to reproduce the problem.

## 3.2. Diagnostic output

Obtain the `via-audio-diag` diagnostics program from <http://sf.net/projects/gkernel/> and provide a dump of the audio chip's registers while the problem is occurring. Sample command line:

```
./via-audio-diag -aps > diag-output.txt
```

## 3.3. Driver debug output

Define `VIA_DEBUG` at the beginning of the driver, then capture and email the kernel log output. This can be viewed in the system kernel log (if enabled), or via the `dmesg` program. Sample command line:

```
dmesg > /tmp/dmesg-output.txt
```

## 3.4. Bigger kernel message buffer

If you wish to increase the size of the buffer displayed by `dmesg`, then change the `LOG_BUF_LEN` macro at the top of `linux/kernel/printk.c`, recompile your kernel, and pass the `LOG_BUF_LEN` value to `dmesg`. Sample command line with `LOG_BUF_LEN == 32768`:

```
dmesg -s 32768 > /tmp/dmesg-output.txt
```

# Chapter 4. Known Bugs And Assumptions

## Low volume

Volume too low on many systems. Workaround: use mixer program such as `xmixer` to increase volume.



## Chapter 5. Thanks

Via for providing e-mail support, specs, and NDA'd source code.

MandrakeSoft for providing hacking time.

AC97 mixer interface fixes and debugging by Ron Cemer <roncemer@gte.net>.

Rui Sousa <rui.sousa@conexant.com>, for bugfixing MMAP support, and several other notable fixes that resulted from his hard work and testing.

Adrian Cox <adrian@humboldt.co.uk>, for bugfixing MMAP support, and several other notable fixes that resulted from his hard work and testing.

Thomas Sailer for further bugfixes.

## Chapter 6. Random Notes

Two /proc pseudo-files provide diagnostic information. This is generally not useful to most users. Power users can disable CONFIG\_SOUND\_VIA82CXXX\_PROCFS, and remove the /proc support code. Once version 2.0.0 is released, the /proc support code will be disabled by default. Available /proc pseudo-files:

```
/proc/driver/via/0/info  
/proc/driver/via/0/ac97
```

This driver by default supports all PCI audio devices which report a vendor id of 0x1106, and a device id of 0x3058. Subsystem vendor and device ids are not examined. The 8233 support covers all devices with a device id of 0x3059 and vendor id of 0x1106. Again subsystem ids are ignored as they usually hold the AC97 codec vendor information.

GNU indent formatting options:

```
-kr -i8 -ts8 -br -ce -bap -sob -l80 -pcs -cs -ss -bs -dil -nbc -lp -psl
```

Via has graciously donated e-mail support and source code to help further the development of this driver. Their assistance has been invaluable in the design and coding of the next major version of this driver.

The Via audio chip apparently provides a second PCM scatter-gather DMA channel just for FM data, but does not have a full hardware MIDI processor. I haven't put much thought towards a solution here, but it might involve using SoftOSS midi wave table, or simply disabling MIDI support altogether and using the FM PCM channel as a second (input? output?)

# Chapter 7. Driver ChangeLog

## 7.1. Version 1.9.1-ac

- Added VIA 8233/8235 support including six channel support. We don't yet support S/PDIF, EAPD, using the second DSP channel and FM channels as extra dsp devices, or the extra record channel. New features tested on a VIA EPIA-M kindly provided by VIA.

## 7.2. Version 1.9.1

- DSP read/write bugfixes from Thomas Sailer.
- Add new PCI id for single-channel use of Via 8233.
- Other bug fixes, tweaks, new ioctls.

## 7.3. Version 1.1.15

- Support for variable fragment size and variable fragment number (Rui Sousa)
- Fixes for the SPEED, STEREO, CHANNELS, FMT ioctls when in read & write mode (Rui Sousa)
- Mmapped sound is now fully functional. (Rui Sousa)
- Make sure to enable PCI device before reading any of its PCI config information. (fixes potential hotplug problems)
- Clean up code a bit and add more internal function documentation.
- AC97 codec access fixes (Adrian Cox)
- Big endian fixes (Adrian Cox)
- MIDI support (Adrian Cox)
- Detect and report locked-rate AC97 codecs. If your hardware only supports 48Khz (locked rate), then your recording/playback software must upsample or downsample accordingly. The hardware cannot do it.
- Use new pci\_request\_regions and pci\_disable\_device functions in kernel 2.4.6.

## 7.4. Version 1.1.14

- Use VM\_RESERVE when available, to eliminate unnecessary page faults.

## 7.5. Version 1.1.12

- mmap bug fixes from Linus.

## 7.6. Version 1.1.11

- Many more bug fixes. mmap enabled by default, but may still be buggy.
- Uses new and spiffy method of mmap'ing the DMA buffer, based on a suggestion from Linus.

## 7.7. Version 1.1.10

- Many bug fixes. mmap enabled by default, but may still be buggy.

## 7.8. Version 1.1.9

- Redesign and rewrite audio playback implementation. (faster and smaller, hopefully)
- Implement recording and full duplex (DSP\_CAP\_DUPLEX) support.
- Make procfs support optional.
- Quick interrupt status check, to lessen overhead in interrupt sharing situations.
- Add mmap(2) support. Disabled for now, it is still buggy and experimental.
- Surround all syscalls with a semaphore for cheap and easy SMP protection.
- Fix bug in channel shutdown (hardware channel reset) code.
- Remove unnecessary spinlocks (better performance).
- Eliminate "unknown AFMT" message by using a different method of selecting the best AFMT\_XXX sound sample format for use.
- Support for realtime hardware pointer position reporting (DSP\_CAP\_REALTIME, SNDCTL\_DSP\_GETxPTR ioctls)
- Support for capture/playback triggering (DSP\_CAP\_TRIGGER, SNDCTL\_DSP\_SETTRIGGER ioctls)
- SNDCTL\_DSP\_SETDUPLEX and SNDCTL\_DSP\_POST ioctls now handled.
- Rewrite open(2) and close(2) logic to allow only one user at a time. All other open(2) attempts will sleep until they succeed. FIXME: open(O\_RDONLY) and open(O\_WRONLY) should be allowed to succeed.
- Reviewed code to ensure that SMP and multiple audio devices are fully supported.

## 7.9. Version 1.1.8

- Clean up interrupt handler output. Fixes the following kernel error message:  

```
unhandled interrupt ...
```
- Convert documentation to DocBook, so that PDF, HTML and PostScript (.ps) output is readily available.

## 7.10. Version 1.1.7

- Fix module unload bug where mixer device left registered after driver exit

## 7.11. Version 1.1.6

- Rewrite `via_set_rate` to mimic ALSA basic AC97 rate setting
- Remove much dead code
- Complete `spin_lock_irqsave` -> `spin_lock_irq` conversion in `via_dsp_ioctl`
- Fix build problem in `via_dsp_ioctl`
- Optimize included headers to eliminate headers found in `linux/drivers/sound`

## 7.12. Version 1.1.5

- Disable some overly-verbose debugging code
- Remove unnecessary sound locks
- Fix some `ioctls` for better time resolution
- Begin `spin_lock_irqsave` -> `spin_lock_irq` conversion in `via_dsp_ioctl`

## 7.13. Version 1.1.4

- Completed rewrite of driver. Eliminated SoundBlaster compatibility completely, and now uses the much-faster scatter-gather DMA engine.

# Chapter 8. Internal Functions

## via\_chan\_stop

### Name

`via_chan_stop` — Terminate DMA on specified PCM channel

### Synopsis

```
void via_chan_stop (long iobase);
```

### Arguments

*iobase*

PCI base address for SGD channel registers

### Description

Terminate scatter-gather DMA operation for given channel (derived from *iobase*), if DMA is active.

Note that *iobase* is not the PCI base address, but the PCI base address plus an offset to one of three PCM channels supported by the chip.

## via\_chan\_status\_clear

### Name

`via_chan_status_clear` — Clear status flags on specified DMA channel

### Synopsis

```
void via_chan_status_clear (long iobase);
```

## Arguments

*iobase*

PCI base address for SGD channel registers

## Description

Clear any pending status flags for the given DMA channel (derived from *iobase*), if any flags are asserted.

Note that *iobase* is not the PCI base address, but the PCI base address plus an offset to one of three PCM channels supported by the chip.

# sg\_begin

## Name

`sg_begin` — Begin recording or playback on a PCM channel

## Synopsis

```
void sg_begin (struct via_channel * chan);
```

## Arguments

*chan*

Channel for which DMA operation shall begin

## Description

Start scatter-gather DMA for the given channel.

## via\_syscall\_down

### Name

`via_syscall_down` — down the card-specific syscall semaphore

### Synopsis

```
int via_syscall_down (struct via_info * card, int nonblock);
```

### Arguments

*card*

Private info for specified board

*nonblock*

boolean, non-zero if O\_NONBLOCK is set

### Description

Encapsulates standard method of acquiring the syscall sem.

Returns negative errno on error, or zero for success.

## via\_stop\_everything

### Name

`via_stop_everything` — Stop all audio operations



## Synopsis

```
void via_stop_everything (struct via_info * card);
```

## Arguments

*card*

Private info for specified board

## Description

Stops all DMA operations and interrupts, and clear any pending status bits resulting from those operations.

## via\_set\_rate

### Name

`via_set_rate` — Set PCM rate for given channel

## Synopsis

```
int via_set_rate (struct ac97_codec * ac97, struct via_channel * chan,  
unsigned rate);
```

## Arguments

*ac97*

Pointer to generic codec info struct

*chan*

Private info for specified channel

*rate*

Desired PCM sample rate, in Khz

## Description

Sets the PCM sample rate for a channel.

Values for *rate* are clamped to a range of 4000 Khz through 48000 Khz, due to hardware constraints.

## via\_chan\_init\_defaults

### Name

`via_chan_init_defaults` — Initialize a struct `via_channel`

### Synopsis

```
void via_chan_init_defaults (struct via_info * card, struct via_channel *
chan);
```

### Arguments

*card*

Private audio chip info

*chan*

Channel to be initialized

### Description

Zero *chan*, and then set all static defaults for the structure.

## via\_chan\_init

### Name

`via_chan_init` — Initialize PCM channel

### Synopsis

```
void via_chan_init (struct via_info * card, struct via_channel * chan);
```

### Arguments

*card*

Private audio chip info

*chan*

Channel to be initialized

### Description

Performs some of the preparations necessary to begin using a PCM channel.

Currently the preparations consist of setting the PCM channel to a known state.

## via\_chan\_buffer\_init

### Name

`via_chan_buffer_init` — Initialize PCM channel buffer

### Synopsis

```
int via_chan_buffer_init (struct via_info * card, struct via_channel * chan);
```

## Arguments

*card*

Private audio chip info

*chan*

Channel to be initialized

## Description

Performs some of the preparations necessary to begin using a PCM channel.

Currently the preparations include allocating the scatter-gather DMA table and buffers, and passing the address of the DMA table to the hardware.

Note that special care is taken when passing the DMA table address to hardware, because it was found during driver development that the hardware did not always “take” the address.

## via\_chan\_free

### Name

`via_chan_free` — Release a PCM channel

### Synopsis

```
void via_chan_free (struct via_info * card, struct via_channel * chan);
```

## Arguments

*card*

Private audio chip info

*chan*

Channel to be released

## Description

Performs all the functions necessary to clean up an initialized channel.

Currently these functions include disabled any active DMA operations, setting the PCM channel back to a known state, and releasing any allocated sound buffers.

## via\_chan\_pcm\_fmt

### Name

`via_chan_pcm_fmt` — Update PCM channel settings

### Synopsis

```
void via_chan_pcm_fmt (struct via_channel * chan, int reset);
```

### Arguments

*chan*

Channel to be updated

*reset*

Boolean. If non-zero, channel will be reset to 8-bit mono mode.

### Description

Stores the settings of the current PCM format, 8-bit or 16-bit, and mono/stereo, into the hardware settings for the specified channel. If *reset* is non-zero, the channel is reset to 8-bit mono mode. Otherwise, the channel is set to the values stored in the channel information struct *chan*.

## via\_chan\_clear

### Name

`via_chan_clear` — Stop DMA channel operation, and reset pointers

### Synopsis

```
void via_chan_clear (struct via_info * card, struct via_channel * chan);
```

### Arguments

*card*

the chip to accessed

*chan*

Channel to be cleared

### Description

Call `via_chan_stop` to halt DMA operations, and then resets all software pointers which track DMA operation.

## via\_chan\_set\_speed

### Name

`via_chan_set_speed` — Set PCM sample rate for given channel

## Synopsis

```
int via_chan_set_speed (struct via_info * card, struct via_channel * chan,
int val);
```

## Arguments

*card*

Private info for specified board

*chan*

Channel whose sample rate will be adjusted

*val*

New sample rate, in Khz

## Description

Helper function for the `SNDCCTL_DSP_SPEED` ioctl. OSS semantics demand that all audio operations halt (if they are not already halted) when the `SNDCCTL_DSP_SPEED` is given.

This function halts all audio operations for the given channel *chan*, and then calls `via_set_rate` to set the audio hardware to the new rate.

## via\_chan\_set\_fmt

### Name

`via_chan_set_fmt` — Set PCM sample size for given channel

## Synopsis

```
int via_chan_set_fmt (struct via_info * card, struct via_channel * chan, int
val);
```

## Arguments

*card*

Private info for specified board

*chan*

Channel whose sample size will be adjusted

*val*

New sample size, use the AFMT\_xxx constants

## Description

Helper function for the SNDCTL\_DSP\_SETFMT ioctl. OSS semantics demand that all audio operations halt (if they are not already halted) when the SNDCTL\_DSP\_SETFMT is given.

This function halts all audio operations for the given channel *chan*, and then calls `via_chan_pcm_fmt` to set the audio hardware to the new sample size, either 8-bit or 16-bit.

## via\_chan\_set\_stereo

### Name

`via_chan_set_stereo` — Enable or disable stereo for a DMA channel

### Synopsis

```
int via_chan_set_stereo (struct via_info * card, struct via_channel * chan,
int val);
```

## Arguments

*card*

Private info for specified board



*chan*

Channel whose stereo setting will be adjusted

*val*

New sample size, use the AFMT\_XXX constants

## Description

Helper function for the SNDCTL\_DSP\_CHANNELS and SNDCTL\_DSP\_STEREO ioctls. OSS semantics demand that all audio operations halt (if they are not already halted) when SNDCTL\_DSP\_CHANNELS or SNDCTL\_DSP\_STEREO is given.

This function halts all audio operations for the given channel *chan*, and then calls `via_chan_pcm_fmt` to set the audio hardware to enable or disable stereo.

## via\_chan\_dump\_bufs

### Name

`via_chan_dump_bufs` — Display DMA table contents

### Synopsis

```
void via_chan_dump_bufs (struct via_channel * chan);
```

### Arguments

*chan*

Channel whose DMA table will be displayed

### Description

Debugging function which displays the contents of the scatter-gather DMA table for the given channel *chan*.

## via\_chan\_flush\_frag

### Name

`via_chan_flush_frag` — Flush partially-full playback buffer to hardware

### Synopsis

```
void via_chan_flush_frag (struct via_channel * chan);
```

### Arguments

*chan*

Channel whose DMA table will be flushed

### Description

Flushes partially-full playback buffer to hardware.

## via\_chan\_maybe\_start

### Name

`via_chan_maybe_start` — Initiate audio hardware DMA operation

### Synopsis

```
void via_chan_maybe_start (struct via_channel * chan);
```

## Arguments

*chan*

Channel whose DMA is to be started

## Description

Initiate DMA operation, if the DMA engine for the given channel *chan* is not already active.

# via\_ac97\_wait\_idle

## Name

`via_ac97_wait_idle` — Wait until AC97 codec is not busy

## Synopsis

```
u8 via_ac97_wait_idle (struct via_info * card);
```

## Arguments

*card*

Private info for specified board

## Description

Sleep until the AC97 codec is no longer busy. Returns the final value read from the SGD register being polled.

## via\_ac97\_read\_reg

### Name

`via_ac97_read_reg` — Read AC97 standard register

### Synopsis

```
u16 via_ac97_read_reg (struct ac97_codec * codec, u8 reg);
```

### Arguments

*codec*

Pointer to generic AC97 codec info

*reg*

Index of AC97 register to be read

### Description

Read the value of a single AC97 codec register, as defined by the Intel AC97 specification.

Defines the standard AC97 read-register operation required by the kernel's `ac97_codec` interface.

Returns the 16-bit value stored in the specified register.

## via\_ac97\_write\_reg

### Name

`via_ac97_write_reg` — Write AC97 standard register

## Synopsis

```
void via_ac97_write_reg (struct ac97_codec * codec, u8 reg, u16 value);
```

## Arguments

*codec*

Pointer to generic AC97 codec info

*reg*

Index of AC97 register to be written

*value*

Value to be written to AC97 register

## Description

Write the value of a single AC97 codec register, as defined by the Intel AC97 specification.

Defines the standard AC97 write-register operation required by the kernel's `ac97_codec` interface.

## via\_intr\_channel

### Name

`via_intr_channel` — handle an interrupt for a single channel

## Synopsis

```
void via_intr_channel (struct via_info * card, struct via_channel * chan);
```

## Arguments

*card*

-- undescribed --

*chan*

handle interrupt for this channel

## Description

This is the “meat” of the interrupt handler, containing the actions taken each time an interrupt occurs. All communication and coordination with userspace takes place here.

## Locking

inside card->lock

# via\_interrupt\_init

## Name

`via_interrupt_init` — Initialize interrupt handling

## Synopsis

```
int via_interrupt_init (struct via_info * card);
```

## Arguments

*card*

Private info for specified board

## Description

Obtain and reserve IRQ for using in handling audio events. Also, disable any IRQ-generating resources, to make sure we don't get interrupts before we want them.

## via\_dsp\_drain\_playback

### Name

`via_dsp_drain_playback` — sleep until all playback samples are flushed

### Synopsis

```
int via_dsp_drain_playback (struct via_info * card, struct via_channel *
chan, int nonblock);
```

### Arguments

*card*

Private info for specified board

*chan*

Channel to drain

*nonblock*

boolean, non-zero if O\_NONBLOCK is set

### Description

Sleeps until all playback has been flushed to the audio hardware.

### Locking

inside `card->syscall_sem`

## via\_dsp\_ioctl\_space

### Name

`via_dsp_ioctl_space` — get information about channel buffering

### Synopsis

```
int via_dsp_ioctl_space (struct via_info * card, struct via_channel * chan,  
void * arg);
```

### Arguments

*card*

Private info for specified board

*chan*

pointer to channel-specific info

*arg*

user buffer for returned information

### Description

Handles SNDCTL\_DSP\_GETISPACE and SNDCTL\_DSP\_GETOSPACE.

### Locking

inside `card->syscall_sem`



# via\_dsp\_ioctl\_ptr

## Name

`via_dsp_ioctl_ptr` — get information about hardware buffer ptr

## Synopsis

```
int via_dsp_ioctl_ptr (struct via_info * card, struct via_channel * chan,  
void * arg);
```

## Arguments

*card*

Private info for specified board

*chan*

pointer to channel-specific info

*arg*

user buffer for returned information

## Description

Handles SNDCTL\_DSP\_GETIPTR and SNDCTL\_DSP\_GETOPTR.

## Locking

inside `card->syscall_sem`