

Example of usage of package **clefval**.

Le TEXnicien de surface

2004-05-23

This is an example of usage of packages **engpron** — with option **tame** — and **clefval**.

This is the main part of the header of this document, one will note that the definitions of the macros **\LaPron** and **\LaCle** have been placed **after** the **\begin{document}**.

```
\documentclass[a4paper,10pt]{article}
\usepackage[latin9]{inputenc}      \usepackage[T1]{fontenc}
\usepackage[frenchb]{babel}       \usepackage{lmodern}
\usepackage[tame]{engpron}        \usepackage{clefval}
\setlength{\parindent}{0pt}
\begin{document}
\makepoundletter
\newcommand{\LaPron}[1]{#1
\pron{\ActiveLaLivre\expandafter{\TheValue{#1}}}}
\newcommand{\LaCle}[2]{\TheKey{#1}{#2}\LaPron{#1}}
\makepoundother
```

One writes first the word and its pronunciation **baby** [beibi]. Later one writes **almost** just the word as here : **baby** [beibi].

An other stationery ['steɪʃən^ərɪ]. And so stationery ['steɪʃən^ərɪ].

Which is obtained with :

```
One writes first the word and its pronunciation \LaCle{baby}{b&qb&i}.
Later one writes \emph{almost} just the word as here: \LaPron{baby}.
An other \LaCle{stationery}{&Hst&q&s&en&Xer&i}.
And so \LaPron{stationery}.
```

Content of the aux file (extract) :

```
\newkey{baby}{b&qb&i}
\newkey{stationery}{&Hst&q&s&en&Xer&i}
```